

## CY8C20142

# CapSense Express™ - 4 Configurable IOs

### Features

- 4 configurable IOs supporting
  - CapSense buttons
  - □ LED drive
  - Interrupt outputs
  - WAKE on interrupt input
  - Bi-directional sleep control pin
  - User defined Input or output
- 2.4V to 3.6V and 4.75V to 5.25V operating voltage
- Industrial temperature range: -40°C to +85°C
- I<sup>2</sup>C slave interface for configuration □ I2C data transfer rate up to 400 kbps
- Reduce BOM cost
   Internal oscillator no external oscillators or crystal
   Free development tool no external tuning components
- Low Operating Current
   Active current:1.5 mA
   Deep Sleep Current: 2.6 uA
- Available in 8-pin SOIC package

### Overview

The CapSense Express<sup>™</sup> controller allows the control of 4 IOs configurable as capacitive sensing buttons or as GPIOs for driving LEDs or interrupt signals based on various button conditions. The GPIOs are also configurable for waking up the device from sleep based on an interrupt input.

The user has the ability to configure buttons, outputs, and parameters, through specific commands sent to the  $I^2C$  port. The IOs have the flexibility in mapping to capacitive buttons and as standard GPIO functions such as interrupt output or input, LED drive and digital mapping of input to output using simple logical operations. This enables easy PCB trace routing and reduces the PCB size and stack up. CapSense Express products are designed for easy integration into complex products.

## Architecture

The logic block diagram shows the internal architecture of CY8C20142.

The user can configure registers with parameters needed to adjust the operation and sensitivity of the CapSense system. CY8C20142 supports a standard  $I^2C$  serial communication interface that allows the host to configure the device and to read sensor information in real time through easy register access.

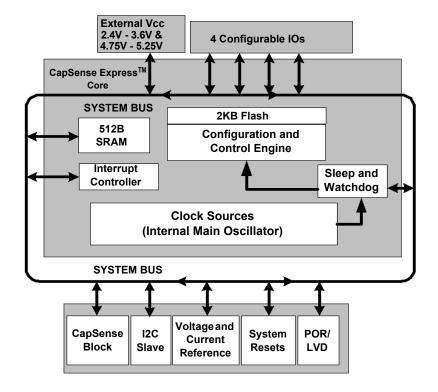
## The CapSense Express Core

The CapSense Express Core has a powerful configuration and control block. It encompasses SRAM for data storage, an interrupt controller, sleep and watchdog timers. System resources provide additional capability, such as a configurable I<sup>2</sup>C slave communication interface and various system resets. The Analog System is composed of the CapSense PSoC block which supports capacitive sensing of up to 4 inputs.

San Jose, CA 95134-1709 • 408-943-2600 Revised July 29, 2008



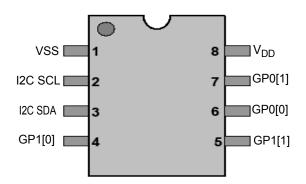
## Logic Block Diagram





## Pinouts

## Figure 1. Pin Diagram - 8 SOIC



#### Table 1. Pin Definitions - 8 SOIC

Pin No	Name	Description
1	VSS	Ground connection
2	I <sup>2</sup> C SCL	I <sup>2</sup> C clock
3	I <sup>2</sup> C SDA	I <sup>2</sup> C data
4	GP1[0]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
5	GP1[1]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
6	GP0[0]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
7	GP0[1]	Configurable as CapSense or GPIO
8	VDD	Supply Voltage



## The CapSense Analog System

The CapSense analog system contains the capacitive sensing hardware which supports CapSense Successive Approximation (CSA) algorithm. This hardware performs capacitive sensing and scanning without requiring external components. Capacitive sensing is configurable on each GPIO pin.

## Additional System Resources

System resources provide additional capability useful to complete systems. Additional resources are low voltage detection and power on reset.

- The I<sup>2</sup>C slave provides 50, 100, or 400 kHz communication over two wires.
- Low Voltage Detection (LVD) interrupts can signal the application of falling voltage levels and the advanced POR (Power On Reset) circuit eliminates the need for a system supervisor.

An internal 1.8V reference provides a stable internal reference so that capacitive sensing functionality is not affected by minor  $V_{\text{DD}}$  changes.

## I<sup>2</sup>C Interface

The two modes of operation for the  $I^2C$  interface are:

- Device register configuration and status read or write for controller
- Command execution

The  $I^2C$  address is programmable during configuration. It can be locked to prevent accidental change by setting a flag in a configuration register.

## **CapSense Express Software Tool**

An easy to use software tool integrated with PSoC Express is available for configuring and tuning CapSense Express devices. Refer to the Application Note g CapSense Express devices. Refer to the Application Note "CapSense(TM) Express Software Tool - AN42137" for details of the software tool.

### CapSense Express Register Map

CapSense Express supports user configurable registers through which the device functionality and parameters are configured. For details, refer to "CY8C201xx Register Reference Guide" document.

## **Modes of Operation**

CapSense Express devices are configured to operate in any of the following three modes to meet different power consumption requirements:

- Active Mode
- Sleep Mode
- Deep Sleep Mode

## Active Mode

In the active mode, all the device blocks including the CapSense sub system are powered. Typical active current consumption of the device across the operating voltage range is 1.5 mA

## Sleep Mode

Sleep mode provides an intermediate power operation mode. It is enabled by configuring the corresponding device register. When enabled, the device enters sleep mode and wakes up after a specified sleep interval. It scans the capacitive sensors before going back to sleep again. The device can also wake up from sleep mode with a GPIO interrupt. The following sleep intervals are supported in CapSense Express. The sleep interval is configured through registers.

- 1.95 ms (512 Hz)
- 15.6 ms (64 Hz)
- 125 ms (8 Hz)
- 1S (1Hz)

## **Deep Sleep Mode**

Deep sleep mode provides the lowest power consumption because there is no operation running. In this mode, the device is woken up only using an external GPIO interrupt. A sleep timer interrupt cannot wake up a device from deep sleep mode. This can be treated as a continuous sleep mode without periodic wakeups. Refer to the Application Note "CapSense Express Power and Sleep Considerations - AN44209 for details on different sleep modes.

## **Bi-Directional Sleep Control Pin**

The CY8C20142 requires a dedicated sleep control pin to allow reliable I2C communication in case any sleep mode is enabled. This is achieved by pulling the sleep control pin LOW to wake up the device and start I2C communication. The sleep control pin can be configured on any of the GPIO. If sleep control feature is enabled, the device has one less GPIO available for CapSense/GPIO functions. The sleep control pin can also be configured as interrupt output pin from CY8C20142 to the host to acknowledge finger press on any button. To enable bi-directional feature, user has to use I2C-USB bridge program.



## **Electrical Specifications**

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature	-55	25	+100	°C	Higher storage temperatures reduce data retention time. Recommended storage temperature is $+25^{\circ}C \pm 25^{\circ}C$ (0°C to 50°C). Extended duration storage temperatures above 65°C degrade reliability.
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature with power applied	-40	_	+85	°C	
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage on $V_{\text{DD}}$ relative to $V_{\text{SS}}$	-0.5	-	+6.0	V	
V <sub>IO</sub>	DC input voltage	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	-	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V	
V <sub>IOZ</sub>	DC voltage applied to tri-state	$V_{SS} - 0.5$	-	V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V	
I <sub>MIO</sub>	Maximum current into any GPIO pin	-25	-	+50	mA	
ESD	Electro static discharge voltage	2000	-	-	V	Human body model ESD
LU	Latch up current	-	_	200	mA	

## **Operating Temperature**

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
T <sub>A</sub>	Ambient temperature	-40	-	+85	°C	
TJ	Junction temperature	-40	-	+100	°C	



## **DC Electrical Characteristics**

#### **DC Chip Level Specifications**

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
V <sub>DD</sub>	Supply voltage	2.40	-	5.25	V	
I <sub>DD</sub>	Supply current	-	1.5	2.5	mA	Conditions are $V_{DD}$ = 3.0V, $T_A$ = 25°C
I <sub>SB</sub>	Deep Sleep mode current with POR and LVD active. Mid temperature range	_	2.6	4	μA	$V_{DD} = 2.55V, 0^{\circ}C \le T_{A} \le 40^{\circ}C$
I <sub>SB</sub>	Deep Sleep mode current with POR and LVD active.	-	2.8	5	μA	$V_{DD} = 3.3V, -40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$
I <sub>SB</sub>	Deep Sleep mode current with POR and LVD active.	-	5.2	6.4	μA	$V_{DD} = 5.25V, -40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$

#### 5V and 3.3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and -40C $\leq$ TA $\leq$ 85C, 3.0V to 3.6V -40°C $\leq$ TA $\leq$ 85°C. Typical parameters apply to 5v and 3.3V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
R <sub>PU</sub>	Pull up resistor	4	5.6	8	kΩ	
V <sub>OH1</sub>	High output voltage Port 0 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.2	-	-	V	IOH $\leq$ 10 µA, VDD $\geq$ 3.0V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V <sub>OH2</sub>	High output voltage Port 0 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.9	-	-	V	IOH = 1 mA, VDD $\geq$ 3.0V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V <sub>OH3</sub>	High output voltage Port 1 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.2	-	-	V	IOH < 10 $\mu$ A, VDD $\geq$ 3.0V, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.
V <sub>OH4</sub>	High output voltage Port 1 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.9	-	-	V	IOH = 5 mA, VDD $\geq$ 3.0V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V <sub>OH5</sub>	High output voltage Port 1 pins with 3.0V LDO regulator enabled	2.75	3.0	3.2	V	IOH < 10 $\mu$ A, VDD $\geq$ 3.1V, maximum of 4 IOs all sourcing 5mA.
V <sub>OH6</sub>	High Output Voltage Port 1 pins with 3.0V LDO regulator enabled	2.2	-	-	V	IOH = 5 mA, VDD $\geq$ 3.1V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V <sub>OH7</sub>	High Output Voltage Port 1 pins with 2.4V LDO regulator enabled	2.1	2.4	2.5	V	IOH < 10 $\mu$ A, VDD $\geq$ 3.0V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V <sub>OH8</sub>	High Output Voltage Port 1 pins with 2.4V LDO regulator enabled	2	-	-	V	IOH < 200 $\mu$ A, VDD $\geq$ 3.0V, maximum of 20 mA source current in all IOs.
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low output voltage	-	-	0.75	V	IOL = 20 mA, VDD > 3V, maximum of 60 mA sink current on even port pins and 60 mA sink current on odd port pins.
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage	-	-	0.8	V	VDD = 4.75V to 5.25V.
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high voltage	2.0	-	-	V	VDD = 4.75V to 5.25V.
V <sub>H</sub>	Input hysteresis voltage	_	140	-	mV	
IIL	Input leakage	-	1	-	nA	Gross tested to 1 µA.
C <sub>IN</sub>	Capacitive load on pins as input	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Capacitive load on pins as output	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C



#### 2.7 DC General Purpose IO Specifications

This tables lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges:2.4V to 3.0V and -40°C<T<sub>A</sub><85°C, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 2.7V at 25°C and are for design guidance only.

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes	
R <sub>PU</sub>	Pull up resistor	4	5.6	8	kΩ		
V <sub>OH1</sub>	High output voltage Port 0 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.2	-	-	V	IOH $\leq$ 10 µA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.	
V <sub>OH2</sub>	High output voltage Port 0 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.5	-	-	V	IOH = 0.2 mA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.	
V <sub>OH3</sub>	High output voltage Port 1 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.2	-	-	V	IOH < 10 μA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.	
V <sub>OH4</sub>	High output voltage Port 1 pins	V <sub>DD</sub> – 0.5	-	-	V	IOH = 2 mA, maximum of 10 mA source current in all IOs.	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low output voltage	-	_	0.75	V	IOL = 10 mA, maximum of 30 mA sink current on even port pins (for example, P0[2] and P1[4]) and 30 mA sink current on odd port pins (for example, P0[3] and P1[3]).	
V <sub>OLP1</sub>	Low output voltage port 1 pins	-	-	0.4	V	IOL=5mA Maximum of 50mA sink current on even port pins and 50mA sink current on odd port pins. $2.4 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage	_	-	0.75	V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 to 3.6V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high voltage	1.6	_	-	V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0 to 3.6V	
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage	_	-	0.75	V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4 to 3.6V.	
V <sub>IH1</sub>	Input high voltage	1.4	-	-	V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4 to 2.7V.	
V <sub>IH2</sub>	Input high voltage	1.6	-	-	V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7 to 3.6V	
V <sub>H</sub>	Input hysteresis voltage	_	60	-	mV		
I <sub>IL</sub>	Input leakage	-	1	-	nA	Gross tested to 1 µA.	
C <sub>IN</sub>	Capacitive load on pins as input	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.	
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Capacitive load on pins as output	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.	



#### 2.7V DC Spec for I2C Line with 1.8V External Pull-Up

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 2.4V to 3.0V and -40°C $\leq$ TA  $\leq$ 85°C, respectively. Typical parameters apply to 2.7V at 25°C. The I2C lines drive mode must be set to open drain and pulled up to 1.8V externally.

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
V <sub>OLP1</sub>	Low Output Voltage Port 1 Pins	-	-	0.4	V	IOL=5mA Maximum of 50mA sink current on even port pins and 50mA sink current on odd port pins $2.4 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6V$
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input low voltage	-	-	0.75	V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4 to 3.6V.
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input high voltage	1.4	-	-	V	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4 to 2.7V.
C <sub>IN</sub>	Capacitive load on pins as input	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Capacitive load on pins as output	0.5	1.7	5	pF	Package and pin dependent. Temp = 25°C.

#### DC POR & LVD Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Notes
V <sub>PPOR0</sub> V <sub>PPOR1</sub>	$V_{DD}$ Value for PPOR Trip $V_{DD}$ = 2.7V $V_{DD}$ = 3.3V, 5V		2.36 2.60	2.40 2.65		$V_{DD}$ must be greater than or equal to 2.5V during startup, reset from the XRES pin, or reset from Watchdog.
VLVD0 VLVD2 VLVD6	$V_{DD}$ Value for LVD trip $V_{DD}$ = 2.7V $V_{DD}$ = 3.3V $V_{DD}$ = 5V	2.39 2.75 3.98	2.45 2.92 4.05	2.51 2.99 4.12	>>>	



#### **DC Programming Specifications**

This table lists guaranteed maximum and minimum specifications for the voltage and temperature ranges: 4.75V to 5.25V and  $-40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq 85^{\circ}C$ , 3.0V to 3.6V and  $-40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq 85^{\circ}C$ , or 2.4V to 3.0V and  $-40^{\circ}C \leq TA \leq 85^{\circ}C$ , respectively. Typical parameters apply to 5V, 3.3V, or 2.7V at  $25^{\circ}C$ . These are for design guidance only. Flash Endurance and Retention specifications with the use of EEPROM user module are valid only within the range:  $25^{\circ}C \pm 20^{\circ}C$  during the Flash Write operation.

Refer to the EEPROM user module data sheet instructions for EEPROM Flash Write requirements outside the 25°C±20°C temperature window. Use of this User Module for Flash Writes outside this range must occur at a known die temperature (±20°C) and requires the designer to configure the temperature as a variable rather than the default 25°C value hard coded into the API. All use of this UM API outside the range of 25°C±20°C is at the user's own risk. This risk includes overwriting the Flash cell (when above the allowable temperature range) thereby reducing the data sheet specified endurance performance or underwriting the Flash cell (when below the allowable temperature range) thereby reducing the data sheet specified retention.

Symbol	Description	Min	Тур	Max	Units	Notes
Vdd <sub>IWRITE</sub>	Supply Voltage for Flash Write Operations <sup>[1]</sup>	2.7	-	_	V	
I <sub>DDP</sub>	Supply Current During Programming or Verify	-	5	25	mA	
V <sub>ILP</sub>	Input Low Voltage During Programming or Verify	-	-	0.8	V	
V <sub>IHP</sub>	Input High Voltage During Programming or Verify	2.2	-	-	V	
I <sub>ILP</sub>	Input Current when Applying Vilp to P1[0] or P1[1] During Programming or Verify	-	-	0.2	mA	Driving internal pull down resistor.
I <sub>IHP</sub>	Input Current when Applying Vihp to P1[0] or P1[1] During Programming or Verify	-	-	1.5	mA	Driving internal pull down resistor.
V <sub>OLV</sub>	Output Low Voltage During Programming or Verify	_	_	Vss + 0.75	V	
V <sub>OHV</sub>	Output High Voltage During Programming or Verify	Vdd -1.0	-	Vdd	V	
Flash <sub>ENPB</sub>	Flash Endurance (per block)	50,000	-	-	-	Erase/write cycles per block.
Flash <sub>ENT</sub>	Flash Endurance (total)	1,800,0 00	-	-	-	Erase/write cycles.
Flash <sub>DR</sub>	Flash Data Retention	10	_	_	Years	

## **Capsense Electrical Characteristics**

Max (V)	Typical (V)	Min (V)	Low Voltage Cutoff (V)	Notes
5.25	5.0	4.75	4.73	See notes [5] and [6]
3.6	3.3	3.02	_	See note [2]
3.02	2.7	2.45	2.45	See notes [3] and [4]

Notes

 Commands involving Flash Writes (0x01, 0x02, 0x03) must be executed only within the same VCC voltage range detected at POR (power on, XRES, or command 0x06) and above 2.7V. For register details, refer to CY8C201xx Register Reference Guide. If the user powers up the device in the 2.4V–3.6V range, Flash writes must be performed only between 2.7V and 3.6V. If the user powers up the device in the 4.75V–5.25V range, Flash writes must be performed in that range only.

If the device is in 3.3V mode of operation and the operating voltage drops below 3.02V, the device automatically reconfigure's itself to work in 2.7V mode of operation.
 If the device is in 2.7V mode of operation and the operating voltage drops below 2.45V, the scanning for Capsense parameters shuts down until the voltage returns to over 2.45V. If the voltage continues to drop and goes below 2.4V, device goes into reset.

If the device is in 2.7V mode of operation and the operating voltage rises above 3.02V, the device automatically reconfigure's itself to work in 3.3V mode of operation.
 If the device is in 5.0V mode of operation and the operating voltage drops below 4.73V, the scanning for Capsense parameters shuts down until the voltage returns to over 4.73V.

 Powering up in the 3.6V to 4.75V range is not supported by Capsense Express. The device initializes to the 5.0V parameters but does not enable Capsense scanning until the voltage goes above 4.73V.



## **AC Electrical Specifications**

## 5V and 3.3V AC General Purpose IO Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
TRise0	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 0	15	80	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V and 4.75V to 5.25V, 10% - 90%
TRise1	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 1	10	50	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V, 10% - 90%
TFall	Fall time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, all ports	10	50	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.0V to 3.6V and 4.75V to 5.25V, 10% - 90%

#### 2.7V AC General Purpose IO Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
TRise0	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 0	15	100	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4V to 3.0V, 10% - 90%
TRise1	Rise time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, Port 1	10	70	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4V to 3.0V, 10% - 90%
TFall	Fall time, strong mode, Cload = 50 pF, all ports	10	70	ns	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.4V to 3.0V, 10% - 90%

## AC I<sup>2</sup>C Specifications

Parameter	Description	Standard Mode		Fast Mode		Units	Notes
		Min	Max	Min	Max		
F <sub>SCL</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	SCL clock frequency	0	100	0	400	kbps	Fast mode not supported for V <sub>DD</sub> < 3.0V
T <sub>HDSTA</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	Hold time (repeated) START condition. After this period, the first clock pulse is generated.	4.0	_	0.6	-	μs	
T <sub>LOW</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	LOW period of the SCL clock	4.7	-	1.3	-	μs	
T <sub>HIGH</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	HIGH period of the SCL clock	4.0	-	0.6	-	μs	
T <sub>SUSTA</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	Setup time for a repeated START condition	4.7	-	0.6	-	μs	
T <sub>HDDAT</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	Data hold time	0	-	0	-	μs	
T <sub>SUDAT</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	Data setup time	250	-	100	-	ns	
T <sub>SUSTO</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	Setup time for STOP condition	4.0	-	0.6	-	μs	
T <sub>BUF</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	BUS free time between a STOP and START condition	4.7	-	1.3	-	μs	
T <sub>SP</sub> I <sup>2</sup> C	Pulse width of spikes suppressed by the input filter	_	-	0	50	ns	



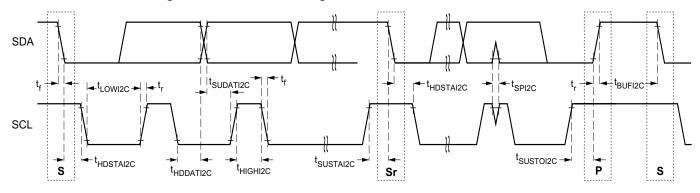


Figure 2. Definition for Timing for Fast/Standard Mode on the I<sup>2</sup>C Bus



## **Ordering Information**

Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Temperature
CY8C20142-SX1I	51-85066	8 SOIC	Industrial

## Thermal Impedances by Package

Package	Typical θ <sub>JA</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>		
8 SOIC	127.22 °C/W		

#### **Solder Reflow Peak Temperature**

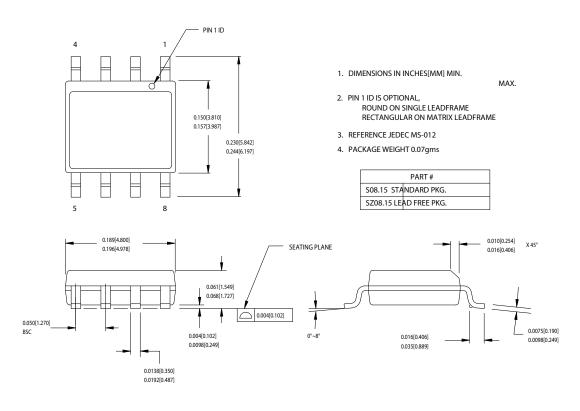
Package	Minimum Peak Temperature <sup>[8]</sup>	Maximum Peak Temperature
8 SOIC	240 °C	260 °C

Notes
7. TJ = TA + Power x qJA
8. Higher temperatures may be required based on the solder melting point. Typical temperatures for solder are 220 ± 5°C with Sn-Pb or 245 ± 5°C with Sn-Ag-Cu paste. Refer to the solder manufacturer specifications.



## Package Diagram

Figure 3. 8-Pin (150-Mil) SOIC(51-85066



51-85066-\*C



## **Document History Page**

Document Title: CY8C20142 CapSense Express™ - 4 Configurable IOs Document Number: 001-32159				
REV.	ECN.	Orig. of Change	Description of Change	
**	1494145	TUP/AESA	New Datasheet	
*A	1773608	TUP/AESA	Removed table - 3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated Logic Block Diagram Updated table - DC POR and LVD Specifications Updated table - DC Chip Level Specifications Updated table - 5V and 3.3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated table - 2.7V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated table - AC GPIO Specifications and split it into two tables for 5V/3.3V and 2.7V Added section on CapSense Express <sup>TM</sup> Software tool	
*B	2091026	DZU/MOHD /AESA	Updated table-DC Chip Level Specifications Updated table-Pin Definitions 16 pin SOIC Updated table-5V and 3.3V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Updated table - 2.7V DC General Purpose IO Specifications Changed definition for Timing for Fast/Standard Mode on the I2C Bus diagram	
*C	2404731	DZU/MOHD/PY YRS	Updated Logic Block Diagram Added DC Programming Specifications Table Updated Features Added CapSense Electrical Specifications Table	
*D	2544918	ZSK/AESA	Different sleep modes explained Bi-Directional Sleep Control Pin defined Table added on "2.7V DC Spec for I2C Line with 1.8V External Pull-Up	

### Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

#### Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at cypress.com/sales.

Products		<b>PSoC Solutions</b>	
PSoC	psoc.cypress.com	General	psoc.cypress.com/solutions
Clocks & Buffers	clocks.cypress.com	Low Power/Low Voltage	psoc.cypress.com/low-power
Wireless	wireless.cypress.com	Precision Analog	psoc.cypress.com/precision-analog
Memories	memory.cypress.com	LCD Drive	psoc.cypress.com/lcd-drive
Image Sensors	image.cypress.com	CAN 2.0b	psoc.cypress.com/can
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